M.A I Semester

(Paper –III)

Course Title	Mathematics for Economics				
Course Type	Core Course				
Credit Value	05				
Max. Marks	100				
Course Learning	On successful completion of this course, the students will be				
Outcomes CLO)	able to:				
	 Explain the interrelationships between mathematics, mathematical economics, and econometrics. Demonstrate a clear understanding of various number systems and effectively apply them in economic contexts. Utilize set theory concepts, including operations on sets, to represent and analyze economic problems. Perform matrix operations, including addition, multiplication, finding inverses, and determinants, to solve economic models. Employ various methods to solve systems of linear equations arising in economic applications. Employ various methods to utilize Integration and Differentiation 				

Unit	Topics				
Unit-1	The nature of Mathematical Economics; Mathematical vs. Non-				
Introduction to	mathematical Economics; Variables (Endogenous and Exogenous),				
Mathematical	Constant, Coefficient and Parameters; Equations, In-equations and				
Economics	Identities.				
	Mathematical Preliminaries: Number system, Natural numbers, Whole numbers, Integers, Rational and Irrational numbers, Complex numbers, Indices and surds, Laws of indices, Logarithms.				
	IKS: Karani (Surds)				
Unit -2 Sets and Functions	Definition of Set, Elements, Set Notations (enumeration				
Sets and Functions	description); Finite and infinite sets; Relationship between Sets - Equal Sets, Subset, Superset, Power Set, Null or Empty sets, Disjoint Set;				
	Operations on Sets - Union, Intersection, Complement Set, Universections; Laws on Set Operations - Commutative and Distributive Law. Relations and Functions: Definition, Domain and range of function Continuous and discrete function, Composition and inverse function				

	Order of composition, Decomposition of a function, Classification of functions.				
	Activity - Identify 5 Functions from Economics.				
Unit -3 Matrices, Determinants and Simultaneous Linear Equations	Concept of Matrices, Type of Matrices, Operations on Matrices, Addition and Multiplication of Matrices, Singular and Non - Singular Matrices, Transpose, Ad-joint and Inverse of Matrices; Determinants, Solution of Simultaneous Linear Equations.				
	Activity -Give 5 examples of dataset arranged in a Matrix form.				
Unit -4 Differentiation	Derivative, Process of Differentiation, Rules of Differentiation of a function, Derivatives of higher order, Sign of derivative and nature of function, I and II order conditions for Maxima and Minima and saddle point.				
	Activity- Utilize Differentiation to calculate Marginal Utility for a Utility Equation.				
Unit -5 Integration	Basic formula of integration, Standard results, substitution method, Method of partial fractions; Application of Integration in Economics.				
	Activity- Utilize Integration to calculate Consumer Surplus for a Demand Equation.				

Recommended Supporting Books/Texts/Reading Material:

- 1. A. C. Chiang, "Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics," Me Graw-Hill, New York, 1984.
- 2. Business Mathematics P. Mariappan, Publisher: Pearson
- 3. Mathematics for Economists B.C. Mehta, G.M.K. Madanani, Publisher: Sultanchand & Sons
- 4. Business Mathematics- M. Wilson, Publisher: Himalaya Publishing House
- 5. An Introduction to Mathematical Economics D. Bose, Publisher: Himalaya Publishing House
- 6. Sydsaeter, K., Hammond, P. (2002). Mathematics for economic Analysis, Pearson Educational.
- 7. History and Development of Mathematics in India, 2022, pp. 182-192.